# **Bank of Cyprus Group**

# Group Financial Results for the six months ended 30 June 2016



**30 August 2016** 



## 1H2016 Financial Results – Highlights

### **Declining Problem Loans**

- Positive momentum continued in 2Q2016
- Problem loans (90+ DPD)<sup>1</sup> down by €1 bn (or 10%) gog and by €2 bn (or 18%) in 1H2016
- 90+ DPD ratio reduced to 44% and provisioning coverage ratio increased to 53%
- Loan restructurings of €2,76 bn during 1H2016

### **Normalising Funding Structure**

- ELA reduced by €2,3 bn year to date to €1,5 bn
- Customer deposits increased by €619 mn to 65% of total assets in 2Q2016
- Ratio of Loans to Deposits (L/D) improved to 110%

### **Strong Capital Position**

- CET1 ratio (transitional basis) at 14,4%
- RWA intensity at 84%
- Conservative leverage ratio<sup>2</sup> of 13,0%

### **Profitable Quarter**

- Profit before provisions of €135 mn for 2Q2016 directed at increased provisions and impairment charges, to faster de-risk balance sheet
- Profit after tax of €6 mn for 2Q2016; €56 mn for 1H2016
- Sustained NIM at 3,59%

### Strong Franchise in a recovering economy

- Loans and deposit market shares increased to 41,4% and 29,0%, respectively
- Further support to the recovery of Cypriot economy with new lending of €547 mn of new loans were granted during the first seven months of the year
- Cypriot GDP growing by an annual 2,7%<sup>3</sup> for 2Q2016

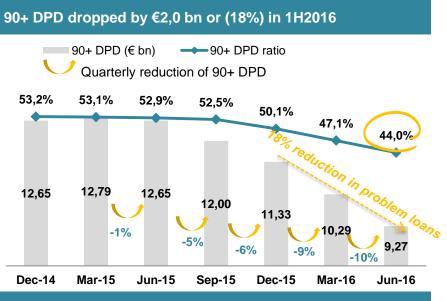


<sup>(1)</sup> Problem loans (90+ DPD) are loans in arrears for more than 90 days (90+ DPD) and are defined as loans past-due for more than 90 days and those that are impaired (impaired loans are those which are not considered fully collectable and for which a provision for impairment has been recognised on an individual basis or for which incurred losses exist at their initial recognition or customers in Debt Recovery).

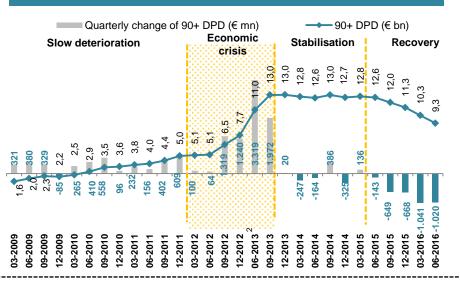
Leverage ratio = Tangible Total Equity over Total Assets

Based on flash estimates published on 12 August 2016 by the Statistical Service of the Republic of Cyprus, seasonally adjusted

## Reduction in problem loans for a fifth consecutive quarter



#### Problem loans formation mirrors economic cycle



#### NPEs reduced by €1,47 bn or (11%) in 1H2016 NPEs with forbearance measures, no impairments, no arrears NPEs (€ bn) Quarterly reduction of NPEs NPEs ratio Forborne NPEs with no impairments or arrears- (€ bn) -63,0% 62,2% 61.8% 61,9% 62.9% Expected to exit 61,0% 59,3% 15.17 NPEs per year<sup>1</sup> 14,81 14,96 14,22 13,97

1.86



13,33

2,18

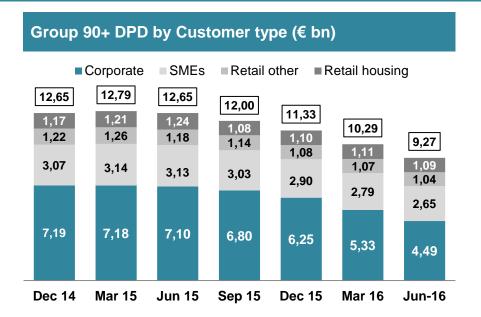
12,49

1,3

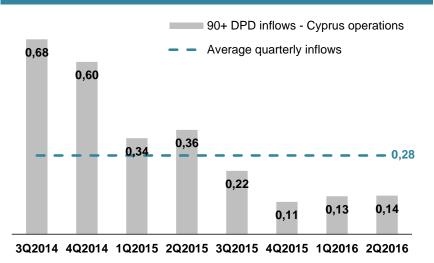
0,3

- Non-performing loans (90+ DPD) reduced by €1,0
   bn (or 10%) qoq and by €2 bn (or 18%) in 1H2016
- Non Performing Exposures (NPEs), as per EBA definition, reduced by €0,8 bn during 2Q2016 and totalled €12,5 bn at 30 June 2016
- Reduction of NPEs accounted for 69% of 90+ DPD reduction
- NPEs with forbearance measures, no impairments and no arrears totalled €2,4 bn at 30 June 2016; Around 85% is expected to exit the NPE classification by the end 2017, subject to no re-default

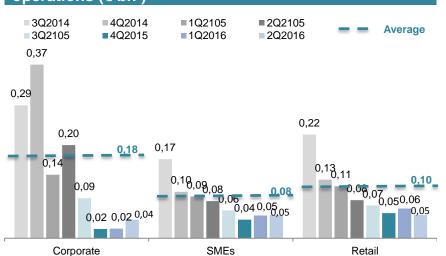
### Slower 90+ DPD formation supports reduction of problem loans



#### Slower formation of new problem loans (€ bn)



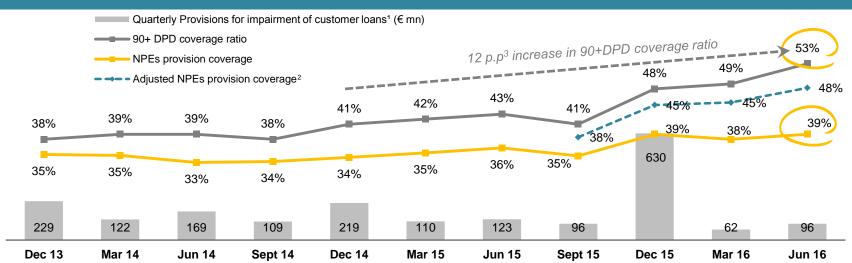
# 90+ DPD inflows by customer type - Cyprus operations (€ bn )



- 82% of the 90+ DPD reduction for 2Q2016 relates to corporate loans
- 90+ DPD inflows at €0,14 bn for 2Q2016

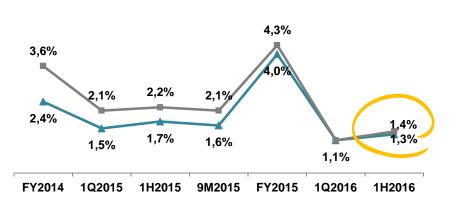
### Conservative provisioning policy – Increasing coverage levels

#### Coverage ratio improvement of 12 p.p³ driven by over €1,3 bn additional cumulative provisions since Dec-14



#### Cost of risk4

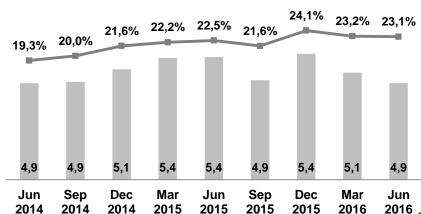
Cost of Risk - Cyprus Cost of Risk - Group



#### Accumulated provisions of 23,1% of Gross Loans

Accumulated provisions (€ bn)

Provisions % Gross loans

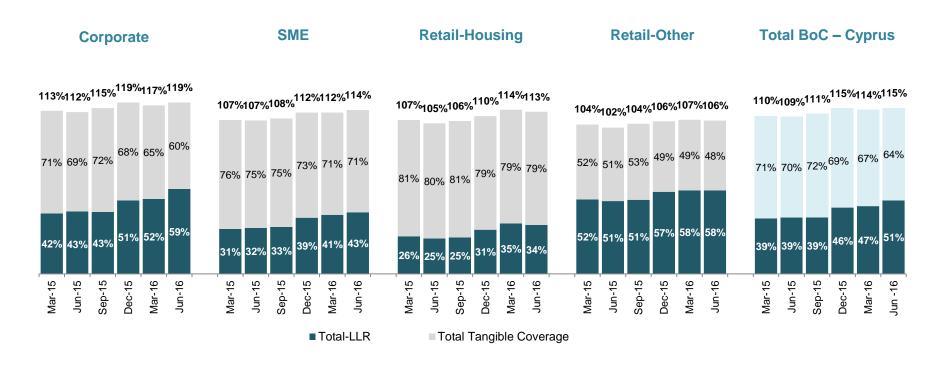


- (1) Provisions for impairment of customer loans and gains/(losses) on derecognition of loans and changes in expected cash flows
- ) Adjusted NPEs provision coverage excludes NPEs with forbearance measures, no impairments and no arrears.
- (3) p.p. = percentage points
  - Provisions for impairment of customer loans and gains/(losses) on derecognition of loans and changes in expected cash flows on acquired loans over average gross loans

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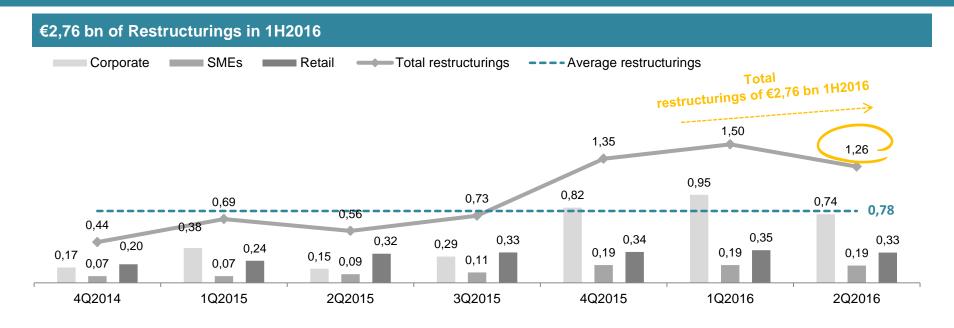
# 90+ DPD Fully Covered by Provisions & Tangible collateral

### Analysis of 90+ DPD coverage for Cyprus operations

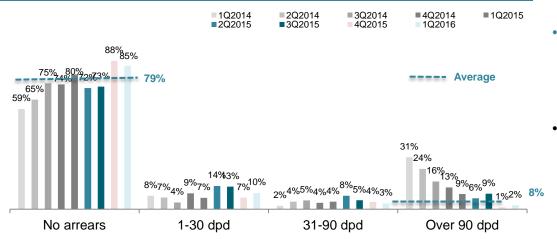


- 90+ DPD provision coverage for Cyprus operations increased to 51% at 30 June 2016, compared to 47% at 31 March 2016
- Collateral coverage stood at 64% at 30 June 2016
- As at 30 June 2016, overall coverage of 90+DPD increased to 115%, compared to 114% at 31 March 2016 and to 109% a year earlier

# Strong Momentum in Loan Restructurings continues







- Total restructurings of €1,26 bn for 2Q2016; Restructuring of corporate loans accounted for 59% of total 2Q2016 restructurings
- At 30 June, 79% of loans restructured post 31 December 2013 for Cyprus operations have no arrears

## Sustainable Asset Quality Improvement across the RRD book

Bespoke tactical plans are in place for each segment within RRD, delivering asset quality improvements ...

#### **Business unit summary (€ bn)**

#### **Key management actions**

#### **Progress**

### Major Corporate Management



#### c. 70 experienced restructuring officers

- Portfolios assigned based on size/complexity
- Sustainable solutions using (amongst others):
  - Debt:Equity & Debt:Asset swaps
  - Re-tranching, including 'equity like' PIK
- Support from internationally experienced restructuring specialists and external lawyers (UK & CY) used extensively
- Comprehensive improvements to lending documents, security, step in rights, monitoring & covenants

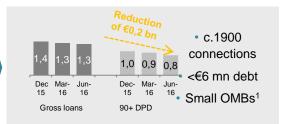
#### Corporate Management



#### **Good progress**

- €350 mn of portfolio transferred back to Corporate Line
- Active negotiations ongoing with all major borrowers
- Good prospects to conclude and execute deals

### SME



- 8 specialist geographically spread BU's
- New team added in 1Q2016 to drive pace
- Portfolio analysis with targeted campaigns
- Product range enhanced e.g. split & freeze
- Close monitoring & clearing of early arrears

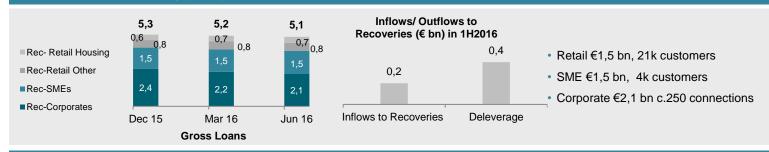
#### Rapidly improving progress

- New team and approach delivering results, with pace improved QvQ
- Underlying economic improvements helping

# Sustainable Asset Quality Improvement across the RRD book

#### Focus in unlocking the Recoveries portfolio. Results are encouraging





#### Key management actions

- Management focus in improving skills and infrastructure to effectively manage the portfolio
- Further support from international specialists from 4Q2015. Additional skills/experience transferred internally from other teams and specialised units have been set up/enhanced (eg receivership and foreclosure team)
- Analysis and segmentation of the Retail/SME portfolio
  - Increased focus on faster consensual deals (eg Debt: Asset Swaps)
  - Step up aggressive actions for non co-operative borrowers. Ramping up the pace in dealing with old unworkable portfolio

#### **Foreclosures**

- Commencement of private foreclosures in late June 2016. So far 7 auction events conducted relating to 22 assets
- Process without major impediments and some sales achieved (5 properties)
- Additional tool added to the armory used to unlock solutions with problematic cases and non cooperative borrowers

#### **Progress**

#### **Encouraging progress**

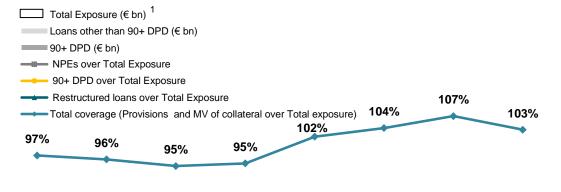
- · Refreshed approach in corporate is delivering results with significant contribution to the NPEs reduction
- Retail/ SME showing slower but improving progress. Next quarters are important in keeping the momentum
- Foreclosure actions are important to building & maintaining pace

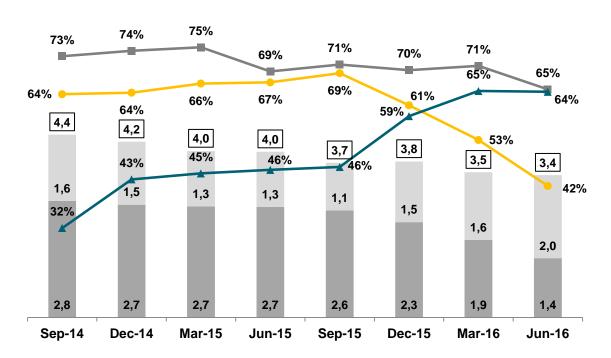
Recoveries



# Progress on top 20 Group Exposures

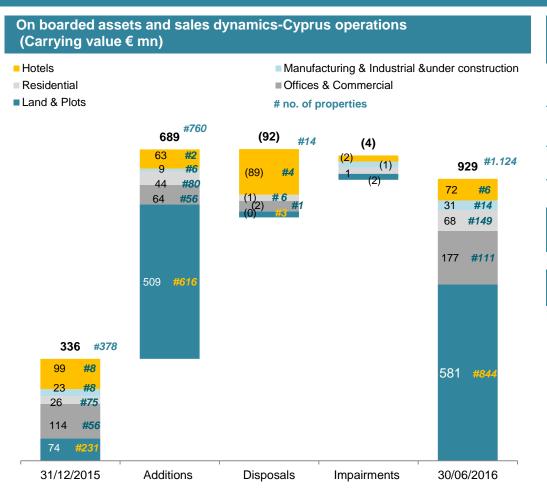
### Top 20 group exposures as at 30 September 2014 and their progress since then

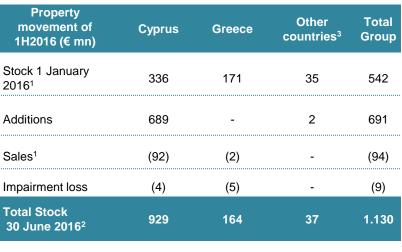




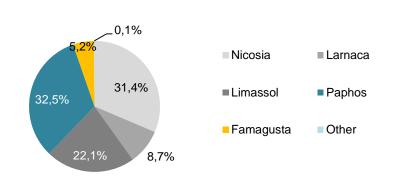
- Top 20 group exposures (as at 30 September 2014) totalled €3,4 bn as at 30 June 2016, down by €1 bn compared to €4,4 bn at 30 September 2014;
- Ratio of 90+ DPD to total exposure reduced by 11 percentage points to 42% during 2Q2016. Taking into account the provisions and tangible collateral, the top 20 exposures are fully covered
- Ratio of NPE to total exposures reduced to 65%
- As at 30 June 2016, 64% of the top 20 group exposures were restructured

# Real Estate Management Unit (REMU)







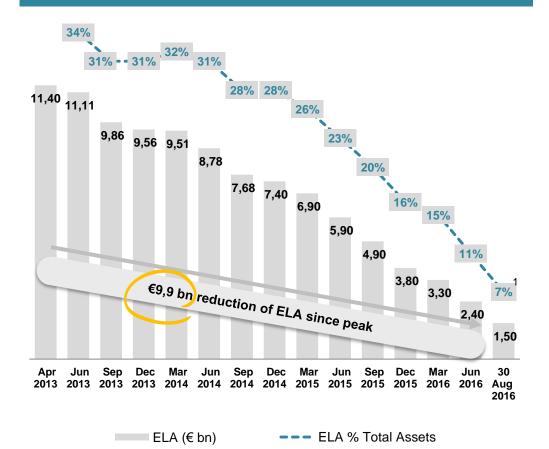


- €689 mn of assets on boarded during the 1H2016
- During 1H2016, the Bank completed the disposal of 14 properties amounting to €92 mn, mostly relating to hotels
- Post 30 June 2016 5 sales & purchase agreements are in progress with total consideration of c.€45 mn
  - Includes Kermia Hotels Limited where disposal completed in June 2016.
- (2) Total Stock as at 30 June 2016 excludes investment properties and investment properties held for sale.
- (3) Other Countries relate to Romania



# Rapid reduction of ELA

### €2,3 bn Reduction of ELA during 2016



#### Plans to fully eliminate ELA

- Deposit Growth
- Wholesale and interbank market access
- · Retention of cash profits from operations
- Proceeds from deleveraging
- Increase loan pool for the Additional Credit Claim ECB framework

### Full repayment of ELA during 2017

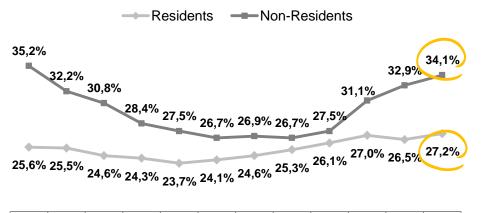
# Increasing Deposits and Improving Loan to Deposit ratio

#### Growing customer deposit base (€ bn ) Other countries ■ UK Cyprus 14,75 14,18 14,13 13,80 13,61 13,63 13,61 0,01 13,33 13,17 1,49 0,86 0,61 0,61 1,45 0.80 0,55 1,36 1,39 1,31 1.29 13,31 12,69 12.69 12,16 11,69 11,64 11,63 11.24 11,31

Jun 14 Sep 14 Dec 14 Mar 15 Jun 15 Sep 15 Dec 15 Mar 16 Jun 16

#### Improving funding structure Customer deposits to Total Assets Loans to deposits ratio (net) ---- EU average Loans to deposits ratio 148% 141% 138% 136% 132% 121% 119% 110% 125% 124% 125% 123% 121% 122% 65% 62% 61% 56% 54% 51% 49% 49% Mar 15 Jun 15 Sep 15 Dec 15

### Increased deposit market shares in Cyprus



Sep-13 Dec-13 Mar-14 Jun-14 Sep-14 Dec-14 Mar-15 Jun-15 Sep-15 Dec-15 Mar-16 Jun-16

- Group customer deposits totalled €14,75 bn at 30 June 2016.
- Customer deposits in Cyprus increased by €0,62 bn (or 5%) qoq, and by €1,68 bn (or 14%) yoy
- Loans to deposits ratio improved to 110%
- Deposit market shares in Cyprus at 30 June 2016 for Residents and non-Residents were 27,2% and 34,1% respectively

(1) Other countries comprise Russia (until June 15) and Romania

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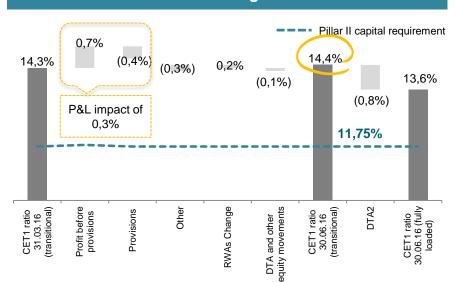
(1) Other countries comprise Russia (until June 15) and Romania
(2) Based on EBA Risk Dashboard Report, Data as at 31 March 2016

## Liabilities and Equity structure- CET1 ratio

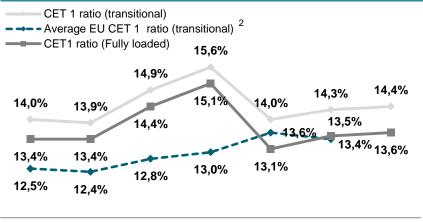
#### Analysis of Liabilities and Equity (€ bn)

- Total equity Other liabilities ELA ECB funding Customer deposits
  - 26,8 26,7 25,4 24,2 23,3 22,7 22,7 13,2 13,6 13,6 13,6 14,2 14,1 14,7 0,8 6,9 0,7 Dec-14 Mar-15 Jun-15 Sep-15 Dec -15 Mar 16 Jun-16
- The Bank considers that it is appropriately capitalised, taking into account its risk profile, level of non-performing loans, the macroeconomic environment and applicable regulatory requirements
- Although the precise calibration and ultimate designation of the Bank's MREL<sup>3</sup> liabilities have not yet been finalised, the Bank continues to consider various funding opportunities (including both senior debt and/or subordinated capital instruments) in anticipation of such upcoming requirements

#### Evolution for CET1 ratio<sup>1</sup> during 2Q2016



#### **Capital Adequacy Ratios**



 $31.12.14 \quad 31.03.15 \quad 30.06.15 \quad 30.09.15 \quad 31.12.15 \quad 31.03.16 \quad 30.06.16$ 

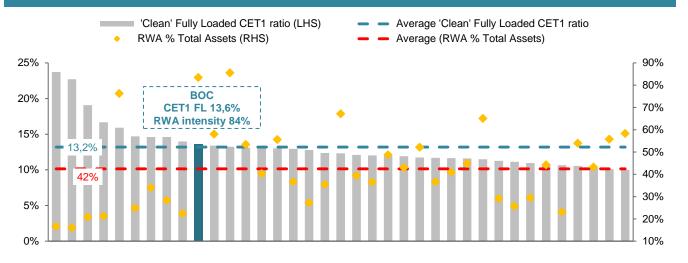
<sup>(1)</sup> Transitional basis: includes audited profits for the six months ended 30 June 2016.

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on EBA Risk Dashboard Report, Data as at 31 March 2016

<sup>3)</sup> Minimum Requirement for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities.

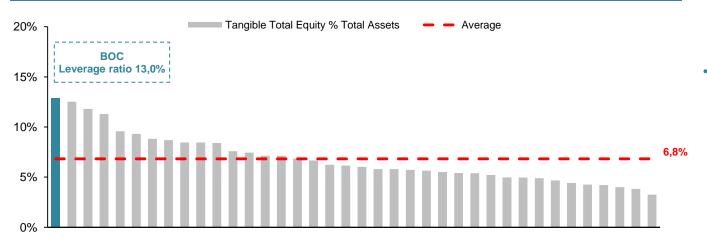
# **Capital Position Compares well with Peers**

### 'Clean' Fully Loaded CET1 ratio1 (March 20162)



- "Clean" Fully loaded **CET1** ratio at 13,6%, higher than average for EU peers, reflecting a very low level of DTA
- RWA intensity of 84%, compared to an average of 42%

### Leverage ratio<sup>3</sup> (March 2016<sup>2</sup>)



Conservative Leverage ratio 13,0%, compared to an average of 6,8%

As per SNL Financial Database, 'Clean' Fully Loaded CET1 ratio as 31 March 2016, excludes Deferred Tax Credits, AFS and Danish Compromise Estimated Impact Bank of Cyprus data is based on 1H2016 financial results.

Leverage ratio is defined as Tangible Total Equity over Total Assets.

# **Income Statement Review**

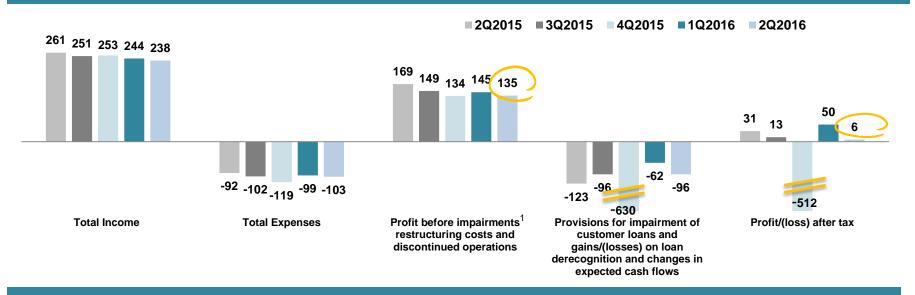
€ mn	1H2016	1H2015 <sup>2</sup>	yoy %	2Q2016	1Q2016	qoq %	Key Highlights QoQ change
Total income	482	535	-10%	238	244	-3%	• Total Income down by 3%
Total expenses	(202)	(194)	4%	(103)	(99)	5%	qoq driven by reduction in
Profit before provisions and impairments <sup>1</sup>	280	341	-18%	135	145	-7%	customer loan balance primarily due to elevated
Provisions for impairment of customer loans net of gains/(losses) on loan derecognition and changes in expected cash flows	(158)	(234)	-33%	(96)	(62)	53%	loan restructuring activity  NIM maintained at 3,59%
Impairments of other financial and non financial assets	(22)	(31)	-31%	(14)	(8)	71%	for 1H2016
Share of profit from associates and joint ventures	2	3	-53%	1	1	1%	<ul> <li>Total Expenses up by 5%</li> </ul>
Profit before tax, restructuring costs, discontinued operations and net profit on disposal of non-core asset	102	79	29%	26	76	-65%	qoq due to increased operating expenses compared with 1Q2016
Tax	(12)	(10)	17%	(4)	(8)	-49%	attributed to lower provision
(Loss)/profit attributable to non-controlling interests	(6)	1	-	(5)	(1)	-	charge for litigation in 1Q2016 following legal
Profit after tax and before restructuring costs, discontinued operations and net profit on disposal of non-core asset	84	70	20%	17	67	-75%	settlements  • Cost to Income ratio at
Advisory, VEP and other restructuring costs <sup>3</sup>	(87)	(22)	302%	(70)	(17)	301%	42% for 1H2016
Loss from disposal groups held for sale/discontinued operations	0	(29)	-100%	0	0	-	<ul> <li>Profit before provisions of €135 mn for 2Q2016</li> </ul>
Net gain on disposal of non-core assets	59	41	45%	59	0		directed at increased
Profit after tax	56	60	-6%	6	50	-88%	provisions and impairment charges to faster de-risk
Net interest margin	3,59%	3,88%	-29 bps	3,55%	3,63%	-8 bps	balance sheet
Return on average assets (annualised)	0,5%	0,5%	-	0,1%	0,9%	-0,8 p.p	<ul> <li>Profit after tax of €6 mn</li> </ul>
Return on tangible equity (annualised)	3,8%	3,6%	+0,2 p.p	0,8%	6,7%	-5,9 p.p	for 2Q2016
Cost-to-Income ratio	42%	36%	+6 p.p	43%	40%	+3 p.p	

Profit before provisions and impairments, gains/(losses) on derecognition and changes on expected cash flows, restructuring costs and discontinued operations. See Note 2.32 to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the six months ended 30 June 2016, Comparative information.

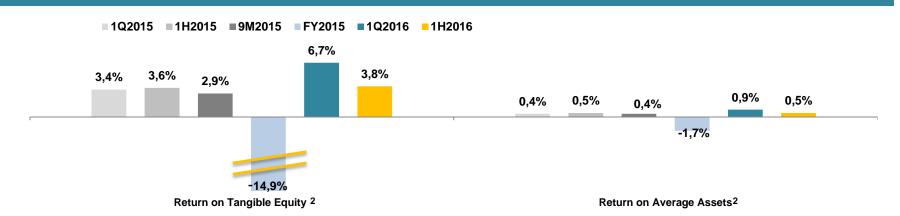
Advisory, VEP and other restructuring costs comprise mainly: 1) fees of external advisors in relation to: (i) disposal of operations (ii) customer loan restructuring activities which are not part of the effective interest rate and (iii) the contemplated listing on the London stock exchange and 2) voluntary exit plan cost.

### **Profitable 1H2016**

### **Group Income Statement Highlights (€ mn)**



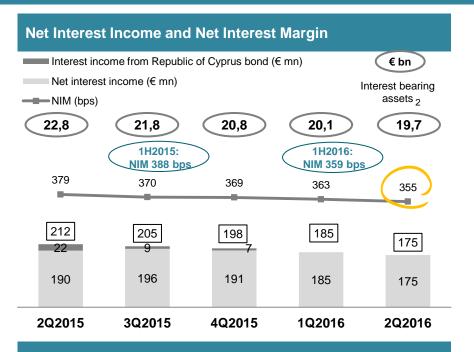
### Return on Tangible Equity (RoTE) (%) & Return on Average Assets (RoAA)



Profit before provisions and impairments, gains/(losses) on loan derecognition and changes on expected cash flows, restructuring costs and discontinued operations.

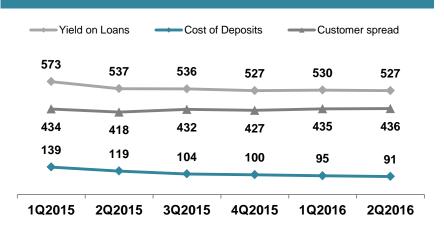
RoTE and RoAA are on an annualised basis.

### Healthy NIM and Customer Spread in a Competitive Market



- Net Interest Income (NII) at €175 mn, compared to €185 mn for 1Q2016, reflecting the reduction in customer loan balance primarily due to the increased activity in loan restructuring
- Net Interest Margin (NIM) remains healthy at 3,59% for 1H2016
- Interest bearing assets decreased by 2% to €19.7 bn

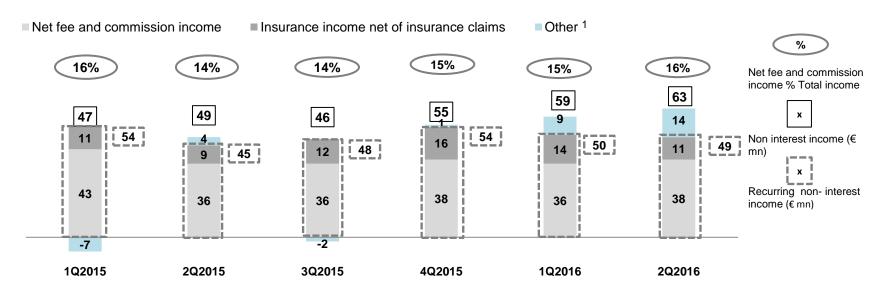
#### Yield on Loans and Cost of Deposits in Cyprus<sup>1</sup> (bps)



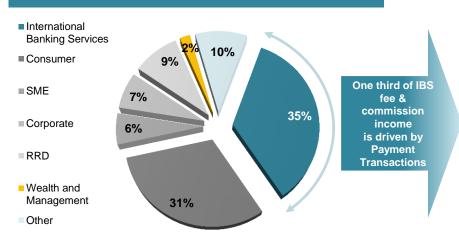
- Customer spread in Cyprus maintained at 436 bps in 2Q2016 despite competitive pressures
- €547 mn of new loans were granted during the first seven months of the year

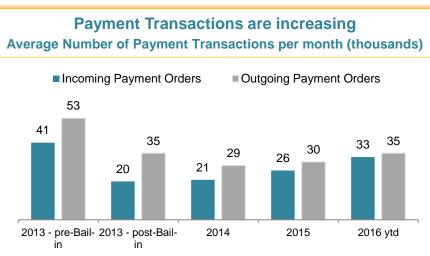
# **Growing Non-interest Income**

#### Analysis of Non Interest Income (€ mn) – Quarterly



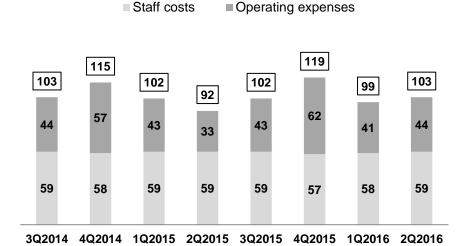
### Fee & commission income by business line





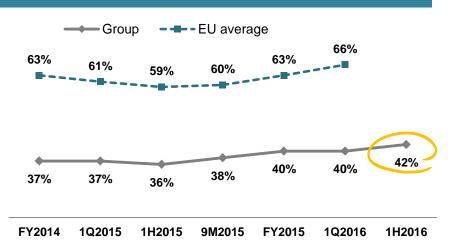
### **Costs under control**

#### Total expenses (€ mn)



- Total expenses in line with previous quarters
- Staff costs in line with previous quarters; Following the completion of the voluntary exit plan (VEP) during the first half of 2016, an annual saving of 12% of personnel expenses is expected
- Operating expenses for 2Q2016 in line with previous quarters

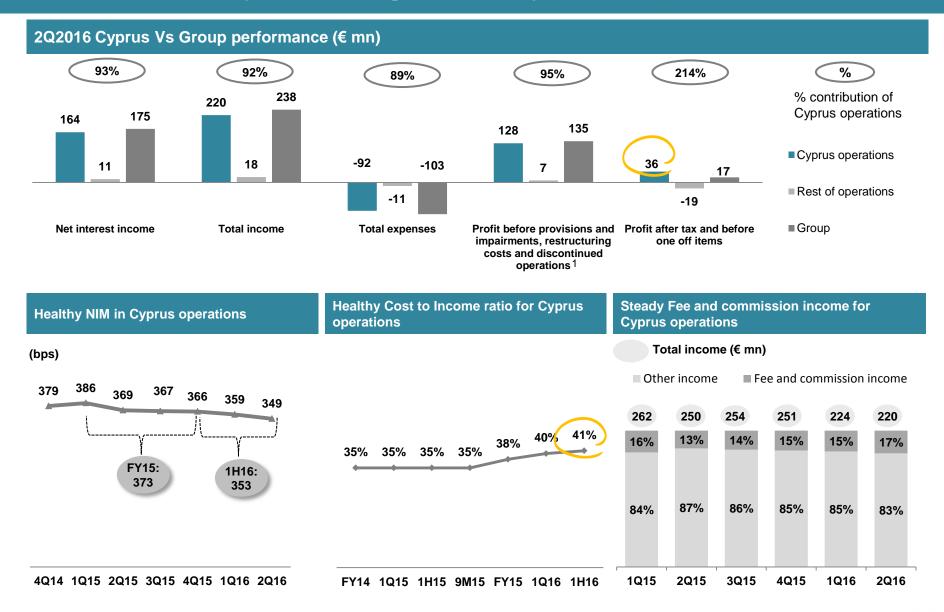
#### **Cost to Income Ratio**



- Cost to income ratio stable at 42%
- Actions for focused, targeted cost containment:
  - Tangible savings through a targeted cost reduction program for operating expenses
  - Introduction of appropriate technology/ processes to enhance product distribution channels and reduce operating costs
  - Introduction of HR policies aimed at enhancing productivity



# Core Profitability Residing in the Cyprus Operations



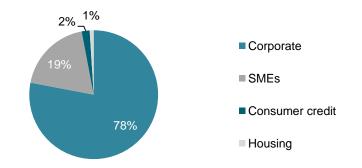
### **Expansion of UK operations**

- BOC UK is growing its lending business in order to improve profitability; Self funded growth through retail deposits
- BoC UK has a branch in North London and business centres in Central London, South London and Birmingham and focuses on meeting the needs of entrepreneurs and owner-managed businesses
- Executive team strengthened with a new CFO, CRO, Chief Customer & Commercial Officer and MD Consumer

#### Gross loans and customer deposits (bn) Euro (€) Sterling pound (£) 1,49 1,43 1,43 1,14 1,21 1,17 1,04 1,08 1,13 Mar- Jun-Dec-Mar-Jun-Dec- Mar- Jun-Dec-15 16 15 16 16 15 16 16 15 16 **Gross Loans Customer Deposits Customer Deposits Gross Loans**



### Loans by sector as at 30 June 2016



# **Significant Progress made on Group KPIs**

### A clear plan of action to achieve Medium Term Targets

Category	Key performance indicators	Dec-	Jun-	Medium Term	Key Pillars & Plan of action
	indicators	2015	2016	Targets	Intensify restructuring and workout activity of delinquent borrowers     Meintein ingressed page of restructurings and facus on
	90+ DPD ratio	50%	44%	<30%	reduce problem foreclosure law
Asset quality	90+ DPD coverage	48%	53%	>50%	• REMU to on-board, manage and dispose of properties acquired
	Provisioning charge <sup>1</sup>	4,3%	1,4%	<1,0%	<ul> <li>Normalise funding structure;</li> <li>Deposit Growth; Wholesale and interbank market access</li> <li>Retention of cash profits from operations; Proceeds from deleveraging</li> </ul>
Funding	ELA % Assets; € bn	16%; €3,8 bn	11%; €2,4 bn	Fully repay	Eliminate  Increase loan pool for the Additional Credit Claim ECB framework
runung	Net Loans % Deposits	121%	110%	100%-120%	Direct lending into promising sectors to fund the recovery of the Cypriot economy
Capital	CET1 (transitional)	14,0%	14,4%	>15%	Focus on core international business, wealth, and insurance     New loan origination, while maintaining lending yields
	Net interest margin	3,8%	3,6%	~3,00%	Expand the UK franchise by leveraging the UK subsidiary
Margins and efficiency	Fee and commission income/total income	15%	15%	>20%	<ul> <li>4. Achieve a lean operating model</li> <li>Tangible savings through a targeted reduction program for operating expenses</li> <li>Introduce appropriate technology/processes to enhance product distribution channels and reduce operating costs</li> <li>Introduce HR policies aimed at enhancing productivity</li> </ul>
	Cost to income ratio	40%	42%	40%-45%	
Balance Sheet	Total assets	€23,3 bn	€22,7 bn	>€25 bn	Deliver appropriate medium-term risk-adjusted returns

# Key Takeaways

- BOC franchise remains strong in an economy that is recovering quickly
- Problem loans (90+ DPD) down by €1,0 bn (or 10%) qoq and by €2 bn (or 18%) during 1H2016; Provision coverage improved to 53%
- Strong Restructuring momentum continues with €2,76 bn of restructurings in 1H2016
- Further normalisation of funding structure; Loans to Deposits ratio (L/D) at 110% and customer deposits accounting for 65% of total assets
- ELA reduced by €2,3 bn year to date to €1,5 bn
- CET1 ratio (transitional basis) at 14,4%;
- Pre-provision profitability of €135 mn for 2Q2016 directed at increased provisions and impairment charges to faster de-risk balance sheet
- Profit after tax of €6 mn for 2Q2016 and €56 mn for 1H2016

# **Key Information and Contact Details**

#### **Credit Ratings:**

#### **Fitch Ratings:**

Long-term Issuer Default Rating: upgraded to "B-" on 25 April 2016 (stable outlook)

Short-term Issuer Default Rating: upgraded to "B" on 25 April 2016

Viability Rating: upgraded to "b-" on 25 April 2016

#### **Moody's Investors Service:**

Baseline Credit Assessment: Affirmed at caa3 on 15 June 2016 (positive outlook)

Short-term deposit rating: Affirmed at "Not Prime" on 15 June 2016

Long-term deposit rating: Affirmed at Caa3 on 15 June 2016 (positive outlook)

Counterparty Risk Assessment: Assigned at Caa1(cr) / Not-Prime (cr) on 15 June 2016

#### **Listing:**

ATHEX - BOC, CSE - BOCY, ISIN CY0104810110

#### Contacts

### **Investor Relations**

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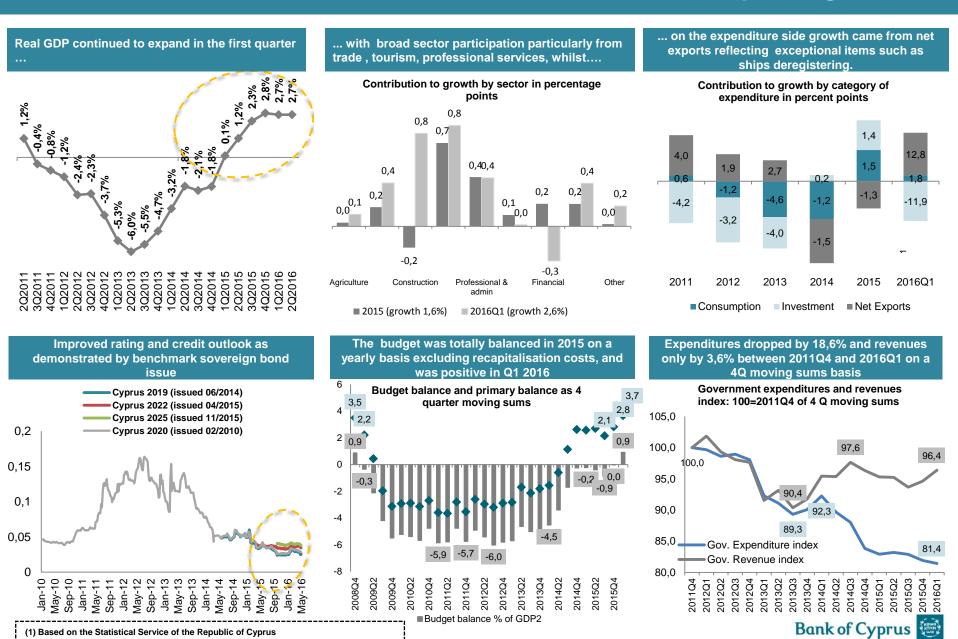
Marina Ioannou, (marina.ioannou@bankofcyprus.com) Styliani Nicolaou, (styliani.nicolaou@bankofcyprus.com)

#### **Finance Director**

Eliza Livadiotou, Tel: +35722122344, Email: eliza.livadiotou@bankofcyprus.com

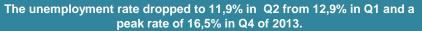
Appendix – Macroeconomic overview

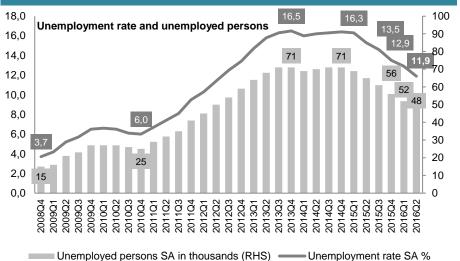
### Growth accelerated in 1H2016 and fiscal conditions are improving



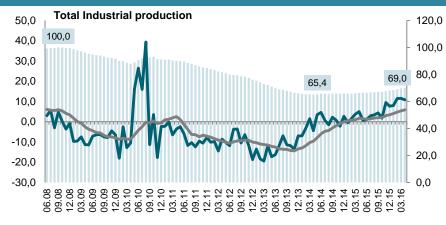
SOURCE: Statistical Service of Republic of Cyprus, Bloomberg, and statistics based on Central Bank of Cyprus

# Key economic sectors are performing well



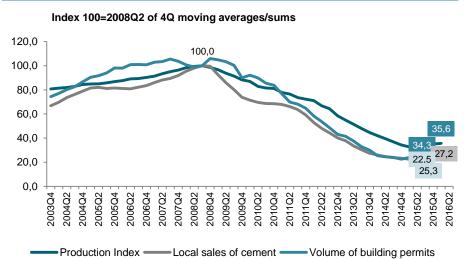


Industrial production bottomed in February 2014 on a 12 month basis, from a peak in 2008, and has been rising since ...



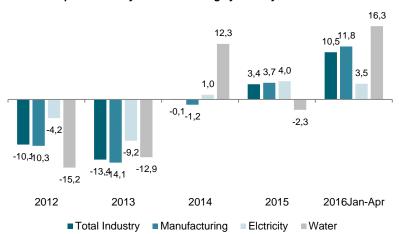
% change y-o-y

In construction the main indices may have bottomed in the first half of 2015 and started to rise from there



... were the rebound has been relatively uniform across sectors with the total production index up by 10,5% in Jan-Apr

#### Industrial production by sector: % change year-on-year



SOURCES: Central Bank of Cyprus, Statistical Service of Republic of Cyprus, European Commission, Bloomberg, IMF and company reports; Calculations by BOC Economic Research

12 month averages





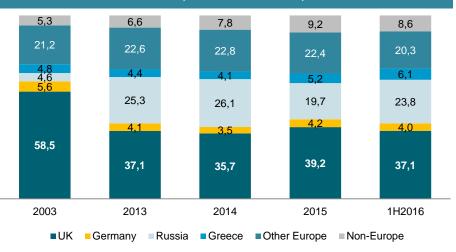
<sup>\*</sup> Projections are per IMF 9th Review dated January 2016

### Tourism is expanding & Residential Property Index is stabilising

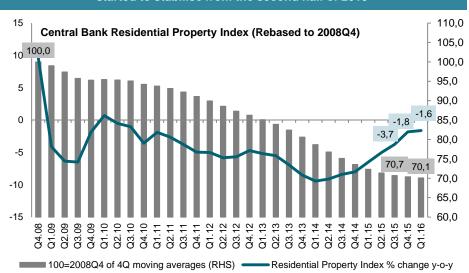
### Tourist activity accelerated in 2015 and 2016 with total arrivals up 21,2% in the first half driven by a 48% increase from Russia



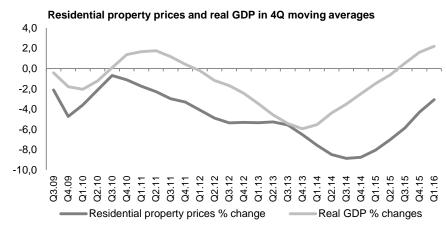
### The distribution of tourist arrivals has been shifting over time with the UK now at 37,1% and Russia at 23,8%



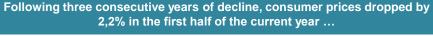
### Residential property prices declined by a cumulative 30% from their peak and started to stabilise from the second half of 2015

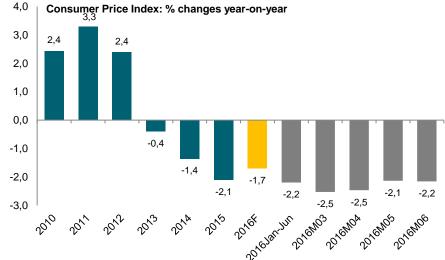


### Residential property prices appear correlated with GDP growth with a lag, and might thus turn higher in the next few quarters

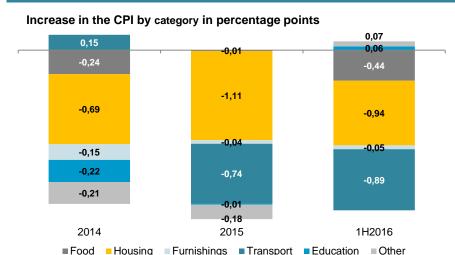


### Consumer prices continued to drop while on the demand side of the economy, retail trade volumes continued to increase





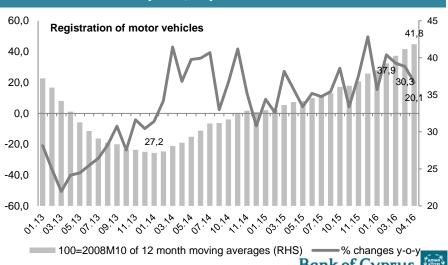
#### ... driven mainly by housing and transport expenditures which are energy related, and by food.



The volume index of retail trade peaked in Oct. 2008 on a 12 month basis and dropped 15% by the first half of 2014



Regarding vehicle registration, after a 73% drop from their peak in late 2008 to early 2014, they started to rebound



Appendix – Additional financial information

# **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

€mn	% change	30.06.16	31.12.15
Cash and balances with Central Banks	7%	1.519	1.423
Loans and advances to banks	-11%	1.174	1.314
Debt securities, treasury bills and equity investments	-17%	840	1.009
Net loans and advances to customers	-5%	16.253	17.192
Other assets	26%	2.883	2.284
Non current assets and disposal group held for sale	-76%	11	49
Total assets	-3%	22.680	23.271

€mn	% change	30.06.16	31.12.15
Deposits by banks	42%	343	242
Funding from central banks	-30%	3.101	4.453
Repurchase agreements	8%	398	368
Customer deposits	4%	14.746	14.181
Debt securities in issue	-100%	0	1
Other liabilities	5%	996	944
Non current liabilities and disposal group held for sale	-100%	0	4
Total liabilities	-3%	19.584	20.193
Share capital	0%	892	892
Capital reduction reserve and share premium	0%	2.505	2.505
Revaluation and other reserves	-7%	240	259
Accumulated losses	-3%	(583)	(601)
Shareholders' equity	0%	3.054	3.055
Non controlling interests	89%	42	23
Total equity	1%	3.096	3.078
Total liabilities and equity	-3%	22.680	23.271

## **Income Statement Review**

€mn	1H2016	1H2015 represented <sup>3</sup>	yoy +%	2Q2016	1Q2016	qoq +%
Net interest income	360	439	-18%	175	185	-5%
Net fee and commission income	74	79	-7%	38	36	5%
Insurance income net of insurance claims	25	20	22%	11	14	-19%
Core income	459	538	-15%	224	235	-4%
Other income	23	-3	-	14	9	33%
Total income	482	535	-10%	238	244	-3%
Total expenses	(202)	(194)	4%	(103)	(99)	5%
Profit before provisions and impairments <sup>1</sup>	280	341	-18%	135	145	-7%
Provisions for impairment of customer loans net of gains on derecognition of loans and changes in expected cash flows	(158)	(234)	-33%	(96)	(62)	53%
Impairments of other financial and non financial assets	(22)	(31)	-31%	(14)	(8)	71%
Share of profit from associates and joint ventures	2	3	-53%	1	1	1%
Profit before tax, restructuring costs and discontinued operations	102	79	29%	26	76	-65%
Tax	(12)	(10)	17%	(4)	(8)	-49%
(Loss)/profit attributable to non-controlling interests	(6)	1	-	(5)	(1)	<u>-</u>
Profit after tax from continuing operations <sup>2</sup>	84	70	20%	17	67	-75%
Advisory, VEP and other restructuring costs <sup>4</sup>	(87)	(22)	302%	(70)	(17)	301%
Loss from disposal group held for sale/discontinued operations	-	(29)	-100%	-	-	-
Net gain on disposal of non-core assets	59	41	45%	59	-	-
Profit after tax	56	60	-6%	6	50	-88%
Net interest margin	3,59%	3,88%	-29 bps	3,55%	3,63%	-8 bps
Cost-to-Income ratio	42%	36%	+6 p.p	43%	40%	+3 p.p

Profit before provisions and impairments, gains/(losses) on derecognition and changes on expected cash flows, restructuring costs and discontinued operations.
Profit/(loss) after tax and before restructuring costs, discontinued operations and net profit on disposal of non-core assets.

<sup>(3)</sup> See Note 2.32 to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the six months ended 30 June 2016, Comparative information.

Advisory, VEP and other restructuring costs comprise mainly: 1) fees of external advisors in relation to: (i) disposal of operations (ii) customer loan restructuring activities which are not part of the effective interest rate and (iii) the contemplated listing on the London stock exchange and 2) voluntary exit plan cost.

# **Income Statement bridge for 1H2016**

€mn	Per presentation	Reclassification	Per financial statements
Net interest income	360	-	360
Net fee and commission income	74	-	74
Net foreign exchange gains and net gains on other financial instruments	15	59	74
Insurance income net of insurance claims	25	-	25
Gains/(losses) from revaluations/disposals of investment properties	2	4	6
Losses on disposal of stock properties	-	(4)	(4)
Other income	6	2	8
Total income	482	61	543
Total expenses	(202)	(87)	(289)
Profit before provisions and impairments, gains/(losses) on derecognition of loans and changes in expected cash flows, restructuring costs and discontinued operations	280	(26)	254
Provisions for impairment of customer loans	(180)	-	(180)
Gains on derecognition of loans and changes in expected cash flows	22	-	22
Impairments of other financial and non-financial assets	(22)	-	(22)
Share of profit from associates	2	-	2
Profit before tax, restructuring costs and discontinued operations	102	(26)	76
Tax	(12)	(2)	(14)
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(6)		(6)
Profit after tax and before restructuring costs, discontinued operations and net profit from disposal of non-core assets	84	(28)	(56)
Advisory, VEP and other restructuring costs <sup>1</sup>	(87)	87	-
Net gain on disposal of non-core assets	59	(59)	<u>-</u>
Profit after tax	56	<del>-</del>	56

Bank of Cyprus

<sup>(1)</sup> Advisory, VEP and other restructuring costs comprise mainly: 1) fees of external advisors in relation to: (i) disposal of operations (ii) customer loan restructuring activities which are not part of the effective interest rate and (iii) the contemplated listing on the London stock exchange and 2) voluntary exit plan cost.

# **Cyprus: Income Statement by business line for 1H2016**

				International	Wealth &					
€ mn	Consumer Banking	SME Banking	Corporate Banking	Banking	Brokerage & Asset Management	RRD	REMU	Insurance	Other	Total Cyprus
Net interest income	126	33	39	32	4	114	(5)	-	(7)	336
Net fee & commission income	22	4	5	25	1	7	-	(2)	9	71
Other income	2	0	0	3	2	1	(3)	25	6	36
Total income	150	37	44	60	7	122	(8)	23	8	443
Total expenses	(60)	(6)	(5)	(13)	(3)	(18)	(5)	(7)	(64)	(181)
Profit/(loss) before provisions and impairments	90	31	39	47	4	104	(13)	16	(56)	262
Provisions for impairment of customer loans net of gains/(losses) on derecognition of loans and changes in expected cash flows	28	(17)	11	2	0	(148)	-	<u>-</u>	(2)	(126)
Impairment of other financial and non financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4)	-	(13)	(17)
Share of profits from associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Profit/(loss) before tax	118	14	50	49	4	(44)	(17)	16	(69)	121
Tax	(12)	(2)	(6)	(7)	(1)	7	2	(1)	9	(11)
Profit attributable to non controlling interest	<u>-</u>	<b>-</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	_	<u>-</u>	(6)	(6)
Profit/(loss) after tax and before one off items	106	12	44	42	3	(37)	(15)	15	(66)	104

# Risk Weighted Assets – Regulatory Capital

### Risk weighted assets by Geography (€ mn)

	31.03.15	30.06.15	30.09.15	31.12.15	31.03.16	30.06.16
Cyprus	20.473	19.607	19.473	18.438	18.276	17.845
Russia	813	708	46	21	25	16
United Kingdom	1.162	667	663	685	650	695
Romania	294	318	315	269	198	195
Greece	181	180	173	208	182	176
Other <sup>1</sup>	49	47	47	45	43	41
Total RWA	22.972	21.527	20.717	19.666	19.374	18.968
RWA intensity(%)	86%	85%	86%	85%	85%	84%

### Risk weighted assets by type of risk (€ mn)

	31.03.15	30.06.15	30.09.15	31.12.15	31.03.16	30.06.16
Credit risk	20.881	19.426	18.830	17.618	17.326	16.921
Market risk	6	16	7	8	8	7
Operational risk	2.085	2.085	1.880	2.040	2.040	2.040
Total	22.972	21.527	20.717	19.666	19.374	18.968

### **Equity and Regulatory Capital (€ mn)**

	31.03.15	30.06.15	30.09.15	31.12.15	31.03.16	30.06.16
Shareholders' equity	3.502	3.506	3.518	3.055	3.101	3.054
CET1 capital	3.201	3.205	3.231	2.748	2.769	2.735
Tier I capital	3.201	3.205	3.231	2.748	2.769	2.735
Tier II capital	30	32	22	30	20	21
Total regulatory capital (Tier I + Tier II)	3.231	3.237	3.253	2.778	2.789	2.756

### **Reconciliation of Group Equity to CET 1**

€ mn	30.06.16
Group Equity per financial statements	3.096
Less: Intangibles and other deductions	(18)
Less: Deconsolidation of insurance and other entities	(213)
Less: Regulatory adjustments (Minority Interest, DTA and other items)	(78)
Less: Revaluation reserves and other unrealised items transferred to Tier II	(52)
CET 1 (transitional)	2.735
Less: Adjustments to fully loaded (mainly DTA)	(155)
CET 1 (fully loaded)	2.580
Risk Weighted Assets	18.968
CET 1 ratio (fully loaded)	13,6%
CET 1 ratio (transitional) <sup>1</sup>	14,4%



Other countries primarily relates to exposures in Channel Islands

Transitional basis; includes audited profits for the six months ended 30 June 2016.

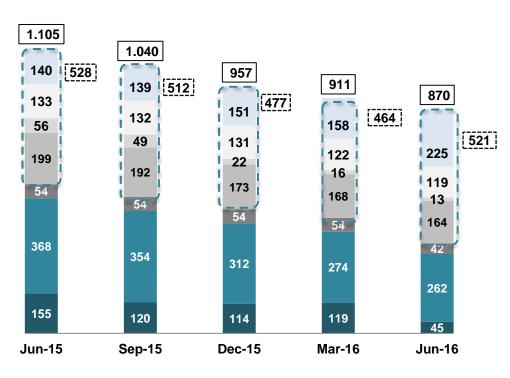
# **BOC- Main performance indicators**

30 June2016	Ratios	Group 1H2016		
	ROAA (annualised)	0,5%		
	ROTE (annualised)	3,8%		
Performance	Net Interest Margin	3,59%		
	Cost to income ratio	42%		
	Loans to deposits	110%		
	90+ DPD/ 90+ DPD ratio	€9.269 mn (44%)		
Accet Quality	90+ DPD coverage	52,6%		
Asset Quality	Cost of risk (annualised)	1,4%1		
	Provisions / Gross Loans	23,1%		
	Transitional Common Equity Tier 1 capital	€2,735 mn		
Capital	CET1 ratio (transitional basis)	14,4%		
	Total Shareholder's Equity / Total Assets	13,5%		

	Shareholder's Equity (€ mn)	Intangible assets (€ mn)	# shares ( mn )	Book Value per share	Tangible Book Value per share	
30/09/2014	3.728	135	8.922	0,418	0,403	
31/12/2014	3.465	127	8.922	0,388	0,374	
31/03/2015	3.502	130	8.923	0,392	0,378	
30/06/2015	3.506	128	8.923	0,393	0,379	
30/09/2015	3.518	131	8.923	0,394	0,380	
31/12/2015	3.055	134	8.923	0,342	0,327	
31/03/2016	3.101	141	41 8.923 0,34		0,332	
30/06/2016	3.054	139	8.923	0,342	0,327	

### **Reduction in Overseas Non-Core Exposures**

#### Overseas non-core exposures (€ mn)



- Greece other
- Greece net on balance sheet exposure
- Serbia
- Russia: Net exposure

- Greece net off balance sheet exposure
- Greece Foreclosed Properties
- Romania: Net Exposure

The non-core overseas exposures at 30 June 2016 were as follows:

**Greece**: Net exposure comprised:

- Net on-balance sheet exposures (excluding (a) foreclosed properties) totalling €13 mn;
- 639 foreclosed properties with a book value of (b) €164 mn;
- off-balance sheet exposures of €119 mn; and (c)
- (d) lending exposures to Greek entities in the normal course of business in Cyprus of €81 mn, and lending exposures in Cyprus with collaterals in Greece of €144 mn.

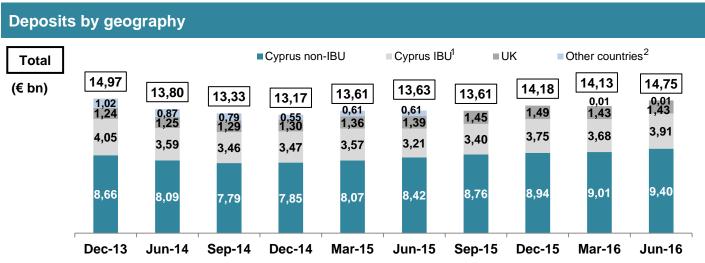
Romania: Overall net exposure of €262 mn

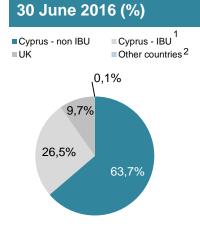
Serbia: Overall net exposure of €42 mn

Russia: Remaining net exposure (on and off balance sheet) in Russia significantly reduced to €45 mn during 2Q2016 following the full settlement in cash of the deferred component of the asset swap arrangement which resulted from the agreement for the disposal of the Russian operations

As part of the Group's strategy of focusing on its core businesses and markets, the Group decided to close the operations of Bank of Cyprus Channel Islands Ltd (BOC CI) and to relocate its business to other Group locations. As at 30 June 2016 the gross loans and deposits of BOC CI amounted to €24,5 mn and €69,4 mn respectively. BOC CI operates through one branch and has one employee.

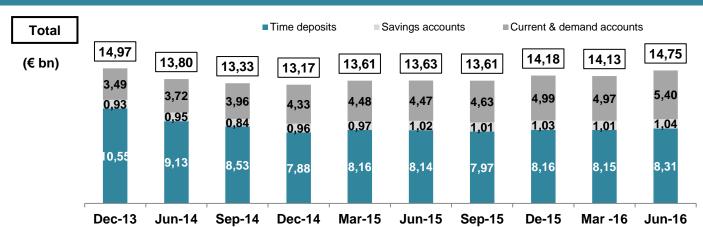
### Analysis of Deposits by Geography and by Type



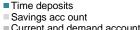


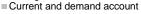
Total Cyprus 90%

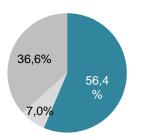














<sup>(1)</sup> IBU- Division servicing exclusively international activity companies registered in Cyprus and abroad and non-residents

<sup>(2)</sup> Other countries: Russia (until June 2015), Romania, and Ukraine (until March 2014).

# Analysis of Deposits by sector for Cyprus operations

2,87

Mar-15

2,82

6,99

Dec-14

3,41

6,91

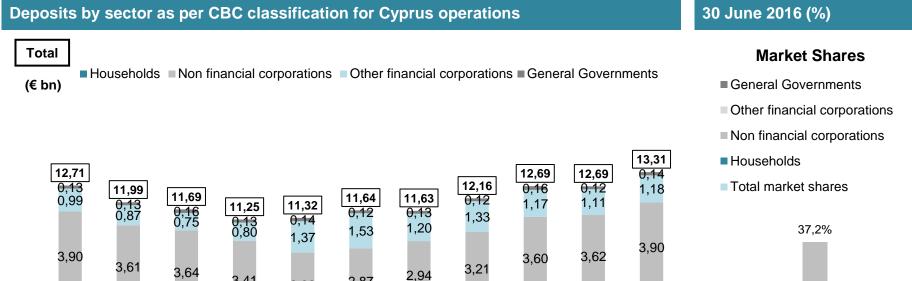
Sep-14

Jun-14

7,69

Dec-13

Mar-14



7,50

Sep-15

Dec-15

7,36

Jun-15

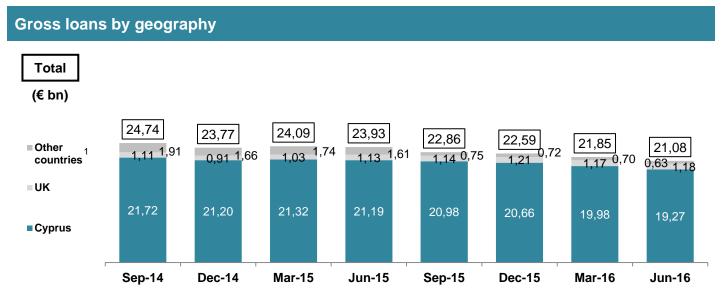
8,09

Jun-16

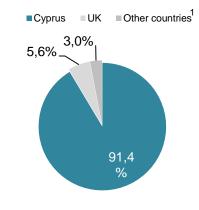
7,84

Mar-16

## Gross loans by Geography and by Customer Type





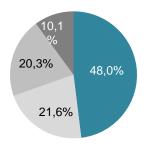


#### **Gross loans by customer type**



#### 30 June 2016 (%)



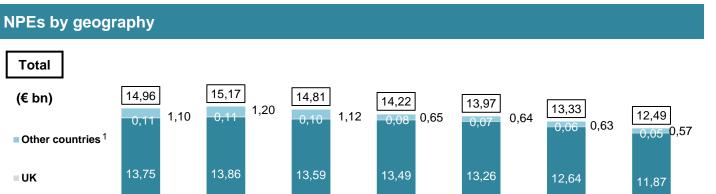




### NPEs by Geography and by Customer Type

Jun-15

Mar-15



Sep-15

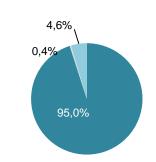
Dec-15

Mar-16

Jun-16







#### NPEs by customer type

Dec-14

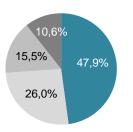
■ Cyprus



#### 30 June 2016 (%)



■ Retail Housing ■ Retail Other





(1) Other countries: Russia (until June 2015) and Romania

# **Asset Quality- 90+ DPD analysis**

	(€ mn)	Jun - 16	Mar-16	Dec-15	Sept-15	Jun-15
	A. Gross Loans after Fair value on Initial recognition	20.040	20.719	21.385	21.597	22.575
	Fair value on Initial recognition	1.043	1.130	1.207	1.266	1.351
	B. Gross Loans	21.083	21.849	22.592	22.863	23.926
	B1. Loans with no arrears	10.879	10.551	10.443	9.925	10.178
	B2. Loans with arrears but not impaired	2.607	2.901	3.049	3.611	4.105
	Up to 30 DPD	574	623	469	585	668
	31-90 DPD	361	386	351	355	435
+ [	91-180 DPD	121	133	144	200	227
+	181-365 DPD	175	183	259	374	529
+	Over 1 year DPD	1.376	1.576	1.826	2.097	2.246
+	B3. Impaired Loans	7.597	8.397	9.100	9.327	9.644
- 1	With no arrears	647	860	876	848	969
- 1	Up to 30 DPD	25	36	78	66	91
- 1	31-90 DPD	41	57	24	60	121
- 1	91-180 DPD	95	49	65	152	167
- 1	181-365 DPD	123	157	310	464	489
- 1	Over 1 year DPD	6.666	7.238	7.747	7.737	7.807
_L	→ (90+ DPD)¹	9.269	10.289	11.329	11.998	12.646
	90+ DPD ratio (90 + DPD / Gross Loans)	44,0%	47,1%	50,1%	52,5%	52,9%
	Accumulated provisions	4.875	5.076	5.445	4.933	5.381
	Gross loans provision coverage	23,1%	23,2%	24,1%	21,6%	22,5%
	90+ DPD provision coverage	52,6%	49,3%	48,1%	41,1%	42,5%

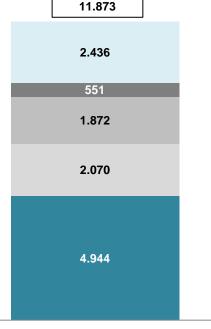
<sup>(1)</sup> Loans in arrears for more than 90 days (90+ DPD) are defined as loans past-due for more than 90 days and those that are impaired (impaired loans are those which are not considered fully collectable and for which a provision for impairment has been recognised on an individual basis or for which incurred losses exist at their initial recognition or customers in Debt Recovery).



# Asset Quality – NPEs analysis

#### **Cyprus NPEs - 30.06.16**

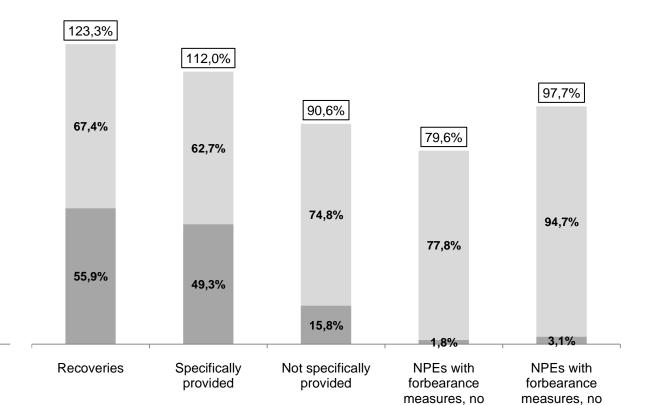
- NPEs with forbearance measures, no impairments, no arrears - not included in Recoveries
- ■NPEs with forbearance measures, no impairments, < 90dpd not included in Recoveries
- ■Not specifically provided not included in Recoveries
- Specifically provided not included in Recoveries





#### **Total Coverage for NPES Cyprus – Adequately provided**





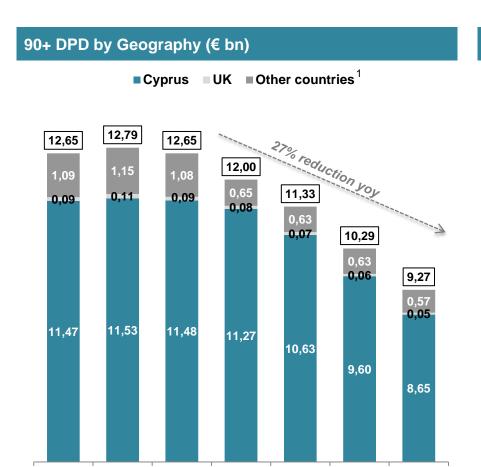
impairments, no

arrears

impairments, <

90dpd

# 90+ DPD by Geography

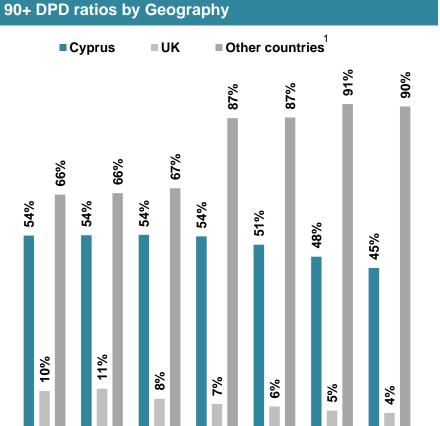


Sep-15

Dec-15

Mar-16

Jun-16



Sep-15

Dec-15

Mar-15

Jun-15



Mar-16 Jun-16

Jun-15

Dec-14

Mar-15

# Analysis 90+ DPD ratios by Business Line<sup>1</sup>

#### 90+ DPD by business line (€ bn)



<sup>(1)</sup> As part of the restructuring of the Group, management is currently monitoring the loan portfolio of the Group using new business line definitions. An important component of the Group's new operational structure is the establishment of the RRD for the purposes of centralising and streamlining the management of its delinquent loans.

## **RRD - Important Actions Throughout the Organisation**

#### A results focused culture continues to be driven top down throughout the organisation via a number of important actions...

# Star chamber sessions

- Department 'stretch' targets, focused on materially outperforming budget for all key asset quality metrics, are set at the outset of each quarter
- · Stretch targets are supported by specifically identified and measurable actions
- Star chamber sessions are held by the CEO, GCRO and D-RRD with all departments fortnightly
- Performance continuously assessed with immediate corrective actions taken

# RRD asset quality benefits tracking

- Quarterly asset quality 'stretch' targets embedded in a benefits tracker update daily deal by deal granularity
- Provides continuous visibility on expected quarterly results, with 'gap' analysis identifying urgent action areas

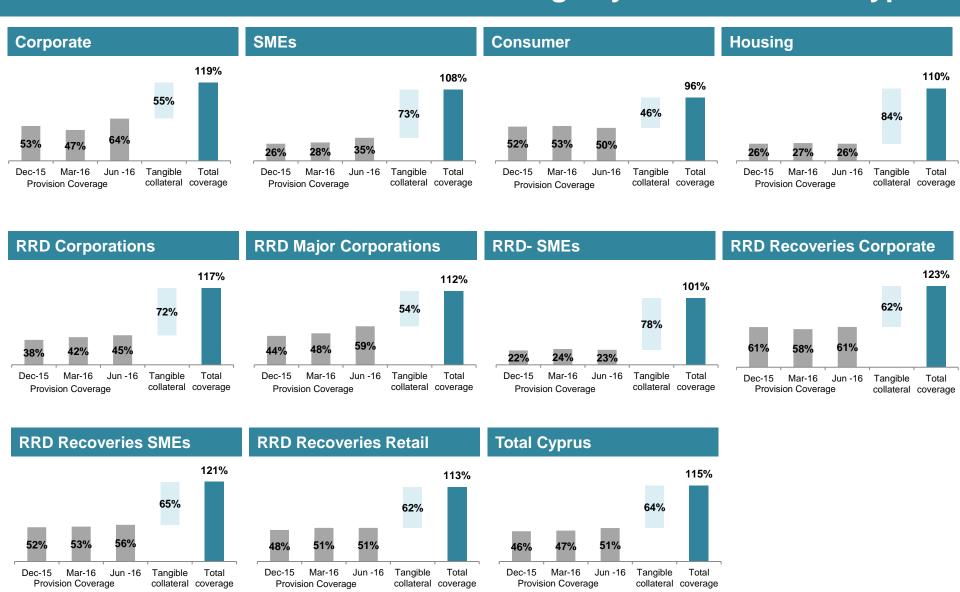
# RRD weekly pipeline calls

- Weekly pipeline calls are held by D-RRD with all team leaders across SME, Recoveries Retail/SME and Recoveries Corporate
- Provides visibility on weekly applications, approvals and deal executions over the entire 'small ticket' book and the strategically important large ticket Corporate Recoveries book
- Weekly 'promises' are closely monitored driving 'results focused' behavior across the book

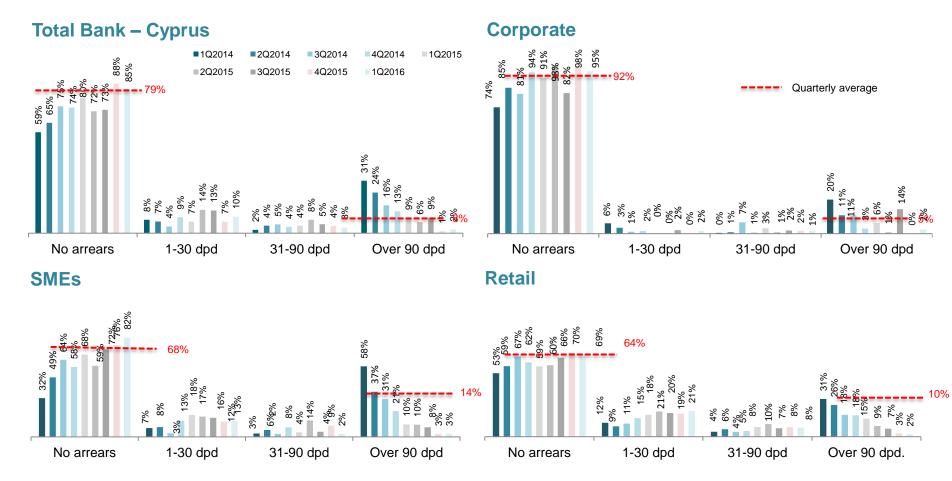
# Daily monitoring of early arrears

- Risk lead a continuous review of early arrears and re-defaults across the book allowing issues to be identified early
- · Corrective actions immediately taken where relevant

### Further break down of 90+ DPD coverage by business line - Cyprus

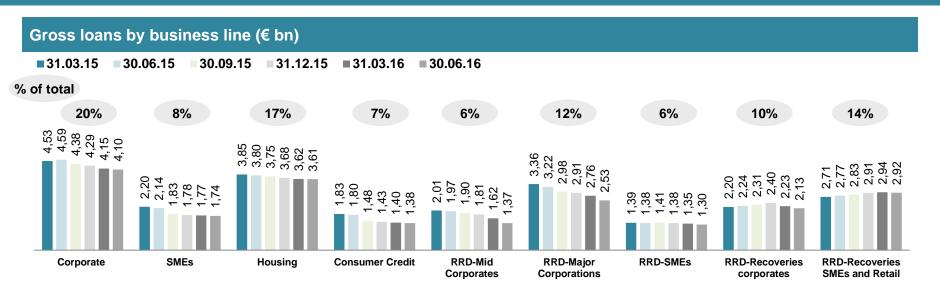


### Performance of Restructured Loans<sup>1</sup>

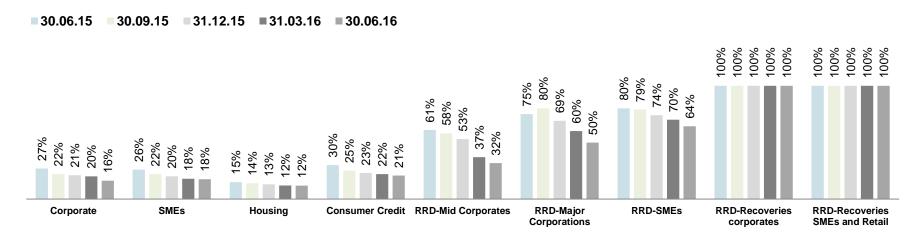


- An analysis performed as at 30 June 2016 indicates that on average 79% of the loans restructured post 31 December 2013 for Cyprus operations, have no arrears (restructurings performed in 2Q2016 were excluded); The average percentage of restructured loans with arrears more than 90 days stands at 8%
- Corporate restructured loans exhibit the best performance with an average percentage of restructured loans with no arrears of 95%

# Analysis of Loans and 90+ DPD ratios by Business Line<sup>1</sup>

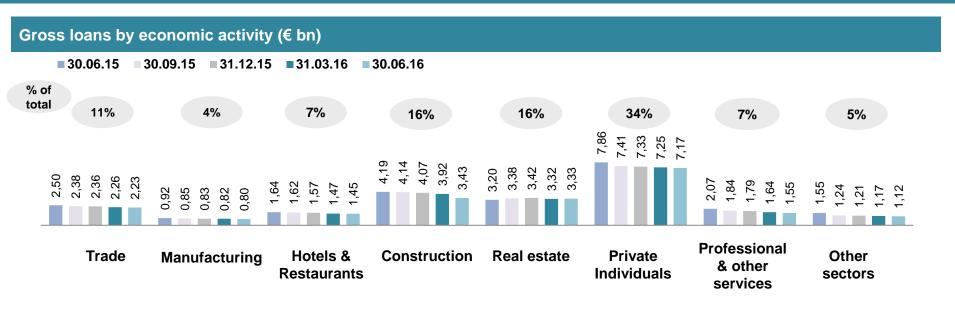


#### 90+ DPD ratios by business line

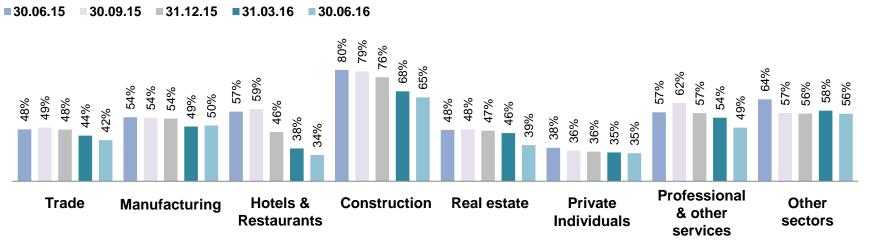




### Analysis of Loans and 90+ DPD ratios by Economic Activity

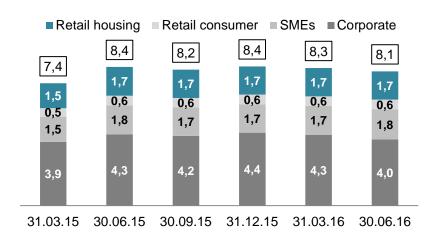


#### 90+ DPD ratios by economic activity



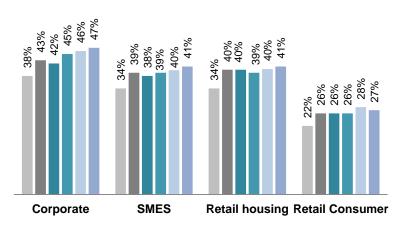
# **Rescheduled Loans for the Cyprus Operations**

#### Rescheduled Loans by customer type (€ bn)

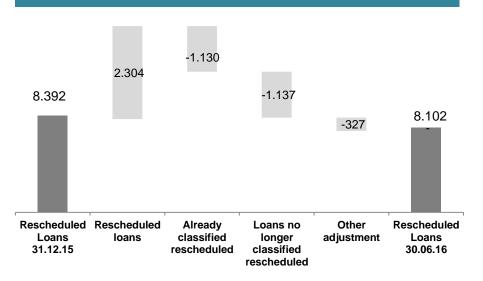


#### Rescheduled loans % gross loans<sup>1</sup> by customer type

**31.03.15 30.06.15 30.09.15 31.12.15 31.03.16 30.06.16** 

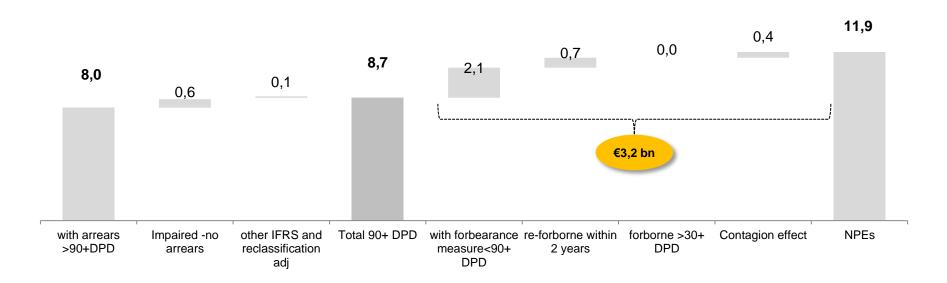


#### Rescheduled Loans (€ bn)





### Reconciliation of 90+ DPD to NPES Cyprus Operations (€ bn) (Jun-16)



Non-Performing Exposures (NPEs) –as per the EBA definition: In 2014 the European Banking Authority (EBA) published its reporting standards on forbearance and non-performing exposures (NPEs). According to the EBA standards, a loan is considered a non-performing exposure if:

- (i) the debtor is assessed as unlikely to pay its credit obligations in full without the realisation of the collateral, regardless of the existence of any past due amount or of the number of days past due, for example in case of a write off, a legal action against the borrower, or bankruptcy
- (ii) the exposures are impaired i.e. in cases where there is a specific provision, or
- (iii) there are material exposures which are more than 90 days past due, or
- (iv) there are performing forborne exposures under probation for which additional forbearance measures are extended, or
- (v) there are performing forborne exposures under probation that present more than 30 days past due within the probation period.

-90+DPD: Loans in arrears for more than 90 days (90+ DPD) are defined as loans past-due for more than 90 days and those that are impaired (impaired loans are those which are not considered fully collectable and for which a provision for impairment has been recognised on an individual basis or for which incurred losses exist at their initial recognition or customers in Debt Recovery).

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